preparing to sattle down to another day's hard work. Every member was present. Once in their room the gentlemen had the wheels moving again in very short order. There were about ten witnesses still to appear, and each one was given a careful examination. By 2 o'clock in the afternoon half or more had been disposed of, and the jury, with the prospect of a heavy afternoon before it, adjourned for an early lunch. At 2:30 o'clock work began again, and until 7 o'clock at night continued without interruption. The gentlemen came into the court-room several times for instructions, and then marched back again, leaving the expectant crowd in a very disappointed frame of mind. Upon one occasion an inquiry was made as to the right of the jury to index acandidate for an offense he had committed just within the city limits. The response of the judge was to the effect that no indictment could be brought, but the jury could render a report, which would be laid before the proper authorities in the city of Richmond. The jury gathered itself up and went back to its room, is suing shortly thereafter with the Toud paper appended below. At another time it wished to know if the offer of money to a candidate to withdraw from the race constituted a violation of the law. The judge said it did. The jury rettred again and returned with the indictment against Walter E. Brauer.

How It Reads.

How It Reads.

Walter E. Brauer.

How It Reads.

It was long after nightiall when the work was finally completed. The crowd was very impatient and kept its eyes fastened on the jury door. Some of them had been there since Il A. M., and were thoroughly tired out. About 7 P. M. the gintlemen flied in for a last time and took their seats. A batch of indictments was handed to the clark, who read out the findings amid a dead silence. A copy of one of the indictments will give an idea of the looks of the paper. That against Senator Bryant is given:

"The grand jurors of the Commonwealth of Virginia in and for the body of the county of Henrico, duly summond and now attending said court, do upon their oaths present, that after and at the time of the committing of the ofense horeinafter mentioned, the Democratic party, under the laws made and provided by act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved on the 20th day of February, 18%, on the 3d day of September, 18%, hald its primary election for the nomination of candidates for county and district offices, and a canuidate to represent said county of Henrico, in the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Virginia, at which said Democratic primary so held on the 3d day of September, 180%, for the purpose of selecting party nominees as candidates for the Democratic primary so held on the 3d day of September, 180%, for the purpose of selecting party nominees as candidates for the Democratic nomination, as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's attorney of said county, and lacting party nominees as candidates, one Julian Bryant, was a candidate for the Democratic nomination, as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's attorney of said county, and that after he had become and announced himself as a candidate for said office, and the candidate for the party nomination, as a party candidate for the same to be voted for at said primary election, be did on the 3d day of Septemer unlawfully promise to pay to one William Vaiculina, the duly qualified voter of Henrico county, and entitled to vote at said primary election, a certain sum of money, to wit: The sum of \$5 to influence the votes of the said William Vaiculine in his behalf as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's attorney, for the county of Henrico, against the peace and dignity of the Comonwealth of Virginia.

"This indictment is found upon the tes-

of Virginia.
"This indictment is found upon the testimony of William Valentine.
"The above mentioned witness was sworn by the court and sent before the grand jury to testify.

"SAMUEL P. WADDILL.

The Indictments.

The Indictments.

A full list of the series of indictments—ten in aft with the charges alleged in them. Is as follows:

William H. Brauer: That he did, in July 1003, unlawfully pay to L. D. Green the sum of \$10 to influence his vote in the said Brauer's behalf; and that he did unlawfully give to the same \$10 to influence voters. Indictment found on testimony of L. D. Green.

L. D. Green. William H. Brauer: That he did in August, 1903, pay to one L. D. Green \$2, to influence the vote of said Green. Indictment found on testimony of L. D.

Walter J. Todd: That in August, 1903, at the stone of one J. N. Sweeney, he did expend a certain sum of money, the exact amount unknown, in the purchase of drinks of beer, which he then and there bought and gave to Frank Yahley and David Critenden, with the purpose of influencing their votes in his behalf. Indictment found upon the testimony of Frank Yahley and John Sweeney. Walter J. Todd: That in July, 1903, he did pay to one John Rutherford 110 with the purpose of influencing his vote; and that in August he gave an additional sum of \$10 with a similar purpose. Indictment found thon testimony of John Rutherford. Walter J. Todd: That in August, 1903,

one William Valentine Si to influence his vote. Indictment found on testimony of William Valentine.

Walter E. Bruner: That just prior to the general election, and in behalf of William H. Brauer, he offered to H. C. Hechler the sum of \$1.000 if he would refrain from exercising his influence in siding and assisting in the election of W. J. Todd. Indictment found upon the testimony of, H. C. Hechler.

Pat McDonough: That just prior to the election he paid to one Leonard Schanf the sum of \$2 to influence his vote in favor of C. W. Childrey, a candidate for the office of commissioner of the revenue. Indictment found on testimony of Leonard Schaaf.

Joseph Stumpf: That on the \$3 day of September. 1903, he did unlawfully "expend certain drinks of beer and bottles of the same unto the said George Giffert and divers other persons to the grand jury unknown, against the peace and dignity of the Commonweaith." Indictment found on testimony of W. B. Frayser, Ashby Frayser, George Giffert, Joseph August and C. H. Whitlook William P. Terry: That he did give to one William Valentine the sum of C. W. Childrey (commissioner of the revenue), Julian Eryant (Commonweaith's attorney), and A. von Rosenegk (House of Delegates). Indictment found on testimony of William Valentine.

Supplementary report the grand

Supplementary Report. Supplementary Report.

In a supplementary report the grand jury set forth an alleged violation of the law by Todd at Liesfield's Hall, just within the city limits. An effort was made to have this paper quashed, but Judge Wickham declined to do so, and announced that a copy of it would be sent to the proper authorities in Richmond. Mr. Heindle one of the witnesses in the affair, says the jury has totally

Dyspepsia

Don't think you can cure your dyspeps! in any other way than by strengthenin and toning your stomach.

That is weak and incapable of performing

its functions, probably because you havimposed upon it in one way or another ove You should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla



To see the game or eat the game, right dressing adds to the enjoyment.

Everything here for man and boys' dress-full dress or un-

We redress all grievances



misunderstood him; that Todd spent no money at Liesfield's, and that he will so testify if the case is ever tried in Rich-

mond.

The disputed paper is a curious and interesting document. It reads as fol-

Interesting document. It reads as follows:

"We, the grand jury in and for the county of Henrico, do find that just prior to the primary election held in said county, that W. J. Todd did, in our judgment, violate the Barksdale law, to-wit, by treating and giving money, on which are found a true bill but owing to its occurring in the city of Richmond we are not allowed to bring in an indictment before the County Court. Said misdemeanor was at one Liesfields store, as evidenced by the following witnesses: N. evidenced by the following witnesses: N. B. Thomas and Joseph Heindle."

The Childrey Sensation. Even here the jury did not stop. There was still another sensation yet unsprung. In response to a question from the judge if the business was done. Foreman Watt arose for the twentieth time.

arcse for the twentieth time.

"It is my painful duty to state to this court," said he. "that we must now bring a charge against a county official. It has come to our knowledge that one of the witnesses who appeared before us his been tampered with in this very court house. * * The official charged with this offense is Charles W. Childery."

The tage suggested that the matter

The judge suggested that the matter should be reduced to writing, and the jury

should be reduced to writing, and the jury filed away again to comply. When it returned it presented a paper which will be taken up by the judge at some later date. This paper is as follows:

"The grand jury calls the attention of the court that one of the witnesses who gave testimony to-day, on-wit, one. William Valentine, states that he had been twice approached by Mr. C. W. Childrey yesterday and to-day in the courthouse and instructed by him to say that certain money, to-wit, SI, was given to him to buy dinner and not to be used to influence him in his behalf contrary to law. We deem that this matter was of such importance as to suggest contempt of importance as to suggest contempt of court on the part of said Childrey, and therefore respectfully call the attention of the court that it may be considered as it may doen here!"

of the court that it may be considered as it may deem best."

Mr. Childrey says Valentine came to him and asked him what to say, and that he told the witness to tell the truth—which was that he (Childrey) had loaned him (Valentine) \$1 to buy filmer.

Jury Complimented.

The work of the grand jury was now at an end. Judge Wickham took the occasion to pay a well deserved compliment to the gentlemen. He referred to the disagreeable duty they had to perform and commended them for their careful and laborious work. He declared that they deserved the thanks of the people of Henrico and of the State of Virginia.

Will be Tried.

Great surprise was manifested on all sides, not at the fact that the jury brought in indictments but because there were so many of them. There were some rather deleful looking faces around the

courthouse after the sossion.

The indictments will now be certified to the magistrates' court and there tried as misdemeanors. The statute provides a heavy penalty for violations of the law.

NO REPLY.

Japanese Popular Circles Are Growing Excited.

Growing Excited.

(By Associated Press.)

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 24.—No reply has been received from St. Petersburg on the subject of the Juphness overtures and there are many indications that the delay in the negotiations is ambarrassing Japanese foreign trade and raising impatience in Japanese popular circles, as shown by public meetings at Tokio, Yokohama and Osaka, protesting against the ministerial inactivity.

One popular Tokio newspaper has twice teen officially suspended for publishing verses indirectly suggesting the assassination of the ministers. It is also feared that popular feeling may manifest itself December 5th, when the Diet meets, unless some decided development in the negotiations occurs in the meantime. The ministers remain reticent, professing considered in their ability to control the situation.

WILL ESTABLISH ORDER IN MACEDONIA

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Nov. 21 -A dispatch to the
Central News from Vienna says it is
authoritatively announced there that if authoritatively announced there that if Turkey does not accept forthwith the Austro-Russian demands the two pow-ers will proceed with their own forces to establish order in Macedonia. All the signatory powers of the treaty of Ber-lin, it is added, will first be asked to co-

Richmonders in New York. It strengthens and tones the stomach and permanently curse dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Accept no substitute, Gans and wife.

A NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Bill to Carry Out the Wishes of Washington to be Passed This Session.

LEGACY HAS

DISSIPATED

Twenty-five Thousand Dollars Left in Will Has All Gone. Money Forthcoming.

The Times-Dispatch Bureau,
Colorado Building,
Fourteenth and G Streets, N. W.,
Wushington, D. C., Nov. 24th.
Hon, A. B. Hoyt, former Governor of
Wyoming, and now one of the chief movers in the matter of securing the establishment. lishment of a national university here, in accordance with the wish of Washington, said to-day that he felt encouraged to believe that the enterprise will gress. The bill for the purpose has been introduced by senator Five, president

gress. The bill for the purpose has been introduced by Senator Five, president pro term, of the Sonate.

"Virgina should be more deeply interested in the movement than any other State," he said. "Viasinington tert 20,000 and a tract of land here amove as Oniversity Square, for the university, in accution to that, the amove as Oniversity Square, for the university, in accution to that, the amove work ever once in Senator of the Congress was done by General Eppa Hunton while he was a menner of the council named in the bill which senator Frye has introduced at this session, and it is very proper that his name should be associated with the enterprise. Thomas Jeneson, James Madison and James Monroe, while they were in the executive office, all urged congressional action in behalf of the proposed university, in the control, all these reasons should have conjugated interest to the people of Virginia."

of special interest to the people of sinka."

There is at present a conflict between the Navy Department and the projectors of the university as to the ownersing of the square which Washington bequeathed. As the government was not taking any steps for the location of a university on the land, the Navy Department had a naval conservatory located thereon many years ago. It was said at the time that the observatory would eventually pass under the control of the university. In later years, when the scheme to estublish under the control of the university. In later years, when the scheme to establish a great university at the sect of government had been pretty well forgotten, the naval hygienic museum was located en the square, and it is there to-day. In the naval appropriation bill which was pussed by Congress at the last session there was an item providing for the expenditure of \$125,000 for the erection of a naval hospital on the grounds. This discovery was not made by the projectors of the university until a few days ago, and then they began urging the passage of the pending bill chartering the institution. Surgoon-General Rixey, of the navy, was seen and agreed to hold up in the matter of beginning work on the hospital until it should be decided whether the government was going to allow the land to continue under the control of the Navy Department, or whether it would require it to be turned over to the council of the university. This matter has not yet been decided.

LEGACY DISSIPATED. later years, when the scheme to

over to the council of the university. This matter has not yet been decided.

LEGACY DISSIPATED.

The legacy of \$25,000 which Washington left for the purpose of establishing the university seems to have entirely disappeared. It was invested in the bonds of the Chesapeake and Ohlo Canal Company. The old canal has practically been out of business for years, though a few barges are still running on its bosom. It is said by those who have investigated the matter that neither the stock nor the bonds are worth anything. Washington directed in his will that the interest on the legacy should be compounded annually. Had this bene done there would now have been a little matter of five millions awaiting the pleasure of the men who are seeking to inaugurate the movement suggested by the Father of fils Country. As it is, there is nothing. The government is not asked to make any appropriation at present, though it may eventually be requested to give financial aid to the institution. The bill introduced by Senator Frye simply charters the university and turns over to the governing council the right to The bill introduced by Senator Frye simply charters the university and turns over to the governing council the right to take over the land which Washington willed for the grounds of the institution, or, at least, left it to be sold and the proceeds to go to the establishment of a great university, national in its character. Governor Hoyt said to-day that he thought that if the Congress would only grant the charter there would be very little difficulty, comparatively, in securing liberal donations from the men of wealth of the country towards getting the university started, and that after that he believed the money would come in rapidly.

AN EROPA. AN ERROR

A great obstacle in the way of the establishment of the national university has been the opposition of the older universities of the country, those which are older than the government. Harvard and the barte always appeared it and they are

older than the government. Harvard and Yale have always opposed it, and they are making a fight against it to-day. They fear that a national institution of the character it is proposed to make the one contemplated by the Frye bill would compete with them.

"There could be no greater error," said Governor Hoyt. "It is proposed to make the national university one for graduates of other institutions exclusively. It would not compete with any other university in the country. But it is proposed to make it the greatest university in the make it the greatest university in the world.

in the country. But it is proposed to make it the greatest university in the world.

Mr. Andrew D. White, for years the ambassador of the United States at Berlin, is greatly interest in the movement for the establishment of the university. In a letter to Governor Hoyt he expresses his interest and his confidence that the government will finally take the matter in hand and carry out the wishes expressed by Woshington in his will.

In the letter referred to Mr. White says he is more and more impressed with the wisdom of Washington in wanting a university located here. He says that the North is going far ahead of the South in the matter of the general diffusion of knowledge—that is, the North is doing much more for the education of the masses of the people than the South is doing and he fears that the time will come when the guilt between the two sections will be so great that they will hate each other. He thinks the danger of such a malamity where the voung men of all sections could be educated, free from all sections could be educated free from all sections could be clusted free from all sections could be educated free from all sections could be clusted free from all sections could be educated free from all sections could be educated. Free from all sections could be educated free from

Always Remember the Full Name axative Bromo Quining Cures a Coldin One Day, Grip in 2 Days E. Tr. Love box. 250

DR. SHOOP'S RHEUMATIC CURE COSTS NOTHING IF IT FAILS.

Any bonest person who suffers from Rhedmatism is welcome to this offer. For years I searched everywhere to find a specific for Rhemmatism. For nearly 20 years I worked to this end. At last, in Germany, my search was rewarded. I found a coatty chemical that did not disappoint me as other Rhemmatic prescriptions had disappointed physicians everywhere. I do not mean that Dr. Shoep's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into fissh again. That is impossible, But It will drive from the blood the poisson that causes pain end swelling, and then the first that is the end of Rheumatism. I know this so well that I will furnish for a full mouth my Rheumatic Cure on trial. I cannot cure all cases within a mouth. It would be unreasonable to expect that, But most cases will yield within 30 days. This trial treatment will convince you that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure is a power against disease that is irresistible.

My offer is made to convince you of my faith, My faith is but the outcome of experience—of actual knowledge. I KNOW what it can de. And I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy o attrial. Simply write me a postul for my head of Rheumatism.

I know this so well that I will furnish my rem-cely o atrial. Simply write me a postul for my book on Rheumatism. I will then arrange with a druggist in your vicinity so that you can secure six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure to make the test. You may take it a full mouth on trial. If it succeeds the cost to you is a safe aged to believe that the enterprise will trial. If it succeeds the cest to you is \$3.50, be tairly launched at this session of Con-

even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met, and

my remedy for a month, for it can't harm yo

suyway. If it falls the loss is mine.
Address Dr. Sho.p. Bor 285, itacine, Wis.
Mild cases not chronic are often cured by one
or two bottle. At all druggists.

Hoyt that he would do so when the proper time arrived, and when it was announced two years ago that Mr. Carnegle had given ten millions for a great public institution in Washington, Governor Hoyt was so confident that the university was the recipient of the gift that he hastened to a telegraph station and wired his thanks.

PRESIDENT'S TURKEY.

The turkey which is to adorn the President's table Thursday at dinner arrived to-day from the farm of Mr. Horace Voss, of Rhode Island, who has been supplying the White House with a Thanksgiving turkey every year for thirty years or more. The gobiler weight thry-live pounds, and is perhaps the largest ever sent to the White House.

Some surprise is felt at the renomination by the President of Police Justices Scott and Kimball. Nearly every legro organization in the District petitioned him adding the reappointment of the two-justices, which, to the mind of everybody, was a very good reason for keepin the justices on the bench, but it was thought by many who know of the high regard in which the negro is held by the President that he would need protests of the organization and allow them to select justices who would regard lawbreaking with more leniency. The fact that the negroes of the District have no voice in the selection of delegates to the Ropublican National Convention appears to have been overlooked. It was announced at the White House to-day that the two justices would be reappointed, though the nominations have not been yet sent in.

TREATY HELD UP.

Recommitted to Foreign Relations Committee.

tions Committee.

(Bs. Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—The treaty between the United States and Cuba for the adjustment of title to the ownership of the isle of Pines, has been returned to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations for an inquiry concerning the interests of American citizens before the action is taken. The treaty was favorably reported by the commisse yesterday, and in executive session to-day Senator Bacon called it up for ratification. Objection was made by Senator Penrose, acting for Senator Quay, on the ground that certain citizens of Pennsylvania have investments in the island, which have not been properly safeguarded under the treaty. He protested against precipitate action and at his request the treaty was ordered recommitted to the foreign Relations Committee. The extent of American interests will be made the subject of investigation.

Fuller' on Meistersinger Beats Highlander, With Redfern up, in the Fourth Race.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 24.—
An exciting finish between Fuller, on Mistersinger, and Redforn, on Highlander, in which the former excelled, was the only feature at Bennings to-day. Favorites won in three events, and horses well played at good prices captured the other three. Summary:

First race—high weight handicap, two-year-olds and upwards; six furlongs—Sals (9 to 1) first. Foxy Kana (4 to 2)

year-olds and upwards; six furlongs— Sals (9 to 1) first, Foxy Kane (4 to 1) second, Ico Water (4 to 1) third. Time,

second 1co Water (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:16 4-5.

Becond race—all ages, mile and forty yards—Champiain (5 to 1) first, Page (15 to 1) second, Sam Craig (15 to 1) third. Inne, 1:46 2-5.

Third race—steeplechase, four-year-olds and upwards; about two miles—Connover (12 to 5) first, John E. Owen (15 to 1) second, Red Hawk (5 to 1) third. Time, 4:10.

Fourth race—two-year-olds and upwards, seven furlongs—Melstersinger (3 to 1) first, Highlander (18 to 10) second. Paul Clifford (16 to 10) third. Time, 1:31.

Fifth race—two-year-olds, six furlongs—Lord of the Valley (3 to 10) first, Clear the Arena (5 to 1) second, Tom Ced (10) to 1) third. Time, 1:17.

Sixth race—two-year-olds and upwards, seven turlongs—The Major (6 to 5) first, Red Damsel (3 to 1) second, All Gold (9 to 2) third. Time, 1:39.

NEW CHINA STORE 208 &. Broad Street.

We will open about DECEM, BER I with a full line of Brio-a-B ac, Orookery, Houseurra, ishings and Pletures. Wait for our bargains.

Browne & Constine.

VIRGINIANS ARE CHANGED

Swanson Dropped From Postoffice Committee and Hay Changed.

CAPTAIN LAMB IS SENIOR

Innumerable Petitions Against Seating of the Mormon Senator Smoot, One From Virginia.

The Times-Dispatch Bureau, Colorado Bidg., 14th and G Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C. Nov. 24. It is learned to-night that Represen-

tative John Sharp Williams, the leader of the Democrats in the House, who was asked by Speaker Cannon to make up the minority membership of various committees, has dropped Mr Swanson, of Virginia, from the Postoilice Committee,

It is also learned that Mr. Hay will no longer serve on the Committee on Min tary Aftairs, but will, in accordance with his wisnes, be transferred to the Appro-priations Committee.

Mr. Williams has left his own name off the Committee on Agriculture, and thus Representative Lame, of the Third District, becomes the senior Democratic member of that body.

District, becomes the samor Democratic member of that body.

It is uncorstood that Mr. Jones, of the First District, still holds his pace as the senior member of the Committee on Insular Affairs.

WILLIAMS AT OLD POINT.

The committee appointments will not be announced until the regular session. No further information could be obtained as to the committee assignments of the members of the Virginia delegation. It was given out last week, when Mr. Williams and his secretary disappeared from Washington, that he had gone to New York in order to escape interruption in the work of making up the minority list of committeems.

But he went down to Old Pont, and has been at work there.

The question of adjournment is now the prevailing one at the national capital. The Sonate has made up its mind, that Congress should adjourn as soon as possible. The House has also made up its mind, though in a rather tentative way, it is thought, that the extra session should not end until the Cuban reciprocity treaty has been disposed of. But there is not the slightest prospect of the Senate yielding. The House met to-day, and, after being in session a short time, adjourned over until Friday. It would be presumed over until Friday. It would be presumed over until Friday. It would be presumed over until Friday. the slightest prospect of the Senate yielding. The House met to-day, and after being in session a short time, adjourned over until Friday. It would be presumed ordinarily that on Friday a further adjournment would be taken until Monday. But in view of the attitude of the Senate, it is believed that an arrangement will be reached for a final ending of the extra session on Friday, or on Saturday, at the latest.

DECLARED A FOOL.

President Roosevelt is behind the House

the extra session of ready, or or aday, at the latest.

DECLARED A FOOL.

President Roosevelt is behind the House in its determination to continue the session. The action of the Senate, in agreeing by unanimous consent to allow the Cuban bill to go over until the regular session. Is looked upon at the White House as a reflection upon the President and as an assortion by the Senate that the extra session was uncalled for, and unnecessary. Of this there is not the slightest doubt on the Democratic side, and there he many Republicans who do not hesitate to express similar opinions. If the extra session is brought to a close without enacting the Cuban bill, the Congress will be in a position of saying that the President acted unwisely in convening it in extraordinary session. Yet the Republicans of the Senate have agreed to do that very thing. It is small wonder that Air. Roosevelt registers a good, strong klok. It is hard unon even a President to be formally ceclared a fool by the Senate of the United States.

The Democrats and Republicans of the Senate have agreed to allow the Cuban bill to have the right of way in the Senate have agreed to allow the Cuban which date a vote is to be taken. It may be set down as a certainty that that is the date on which the bill will be passed. And the extra session will be for naught.

THE SMOOT CASE.

THE SMOOT CASE.

The senators are somewhat perturbed at the announcement that there will be a large delegation of women representing various cities in various cities. In BENNINGS TRACK

BENNINGS TRACK nted and bear the impress of result of a concerted movement,

printed and bear the impress of bolng the result of a concerted movement, which politicians characterize as "cooked up." There has been but one anti-Smoot petition received from Virginia. That came from the Baptist Sunday school at Ruther Glen. Senator Martin received it. It may be that Senator Daniel has received one or more. He was not at the Capitol to-day, but was expected to return from his home in Lynchburg to-night.

"Of course, I cannot say what I will do in the Smoot case." said Senator Martin, at the Capitol to-day, "I am not familiar with the case, and do not know what will be shown by the opponents of his taking his seat. I am frank to say, however, that if it be shown that he is a polygamist or that as an officer in the Mormon Church, he took an oath which places his allegiance to his Church above the allegiance to his Church above the allegiance which he owes to the go-eriment of the United States, I shall most assuredly vote to unseat him."

Both the oharges indicated by Senator Martin are made by Smoot's opponents. It is not believed that there are any men in the Senate, who would vote to unseat him simply because of the fact that his a Mormon.

DANIEL'S LITERARY WORK.
Senator Money, of Mississippl. in con-

in the Senate, who would vote to unseat him simply because of the fact that his a Mormon.

DANIEL'S LITERARY WORK.
Senator Money, of Mississippi, in conversation last night, expressed plensure that the work on which Senator Daniel has been engaged for some time, a history of the campaign of the Army of Northerr Virginia, ending with the battle of Get wards, tor said that the book was being watched for by veterans of both armics and he here and the most ploturesque obtained by the great war.

Representatives Glass. Southall and Flood, of the Virginia delegation, have gone to their homes. The rest of the delegation are still here. But there is nothing doing, Mr. Flood has gone to Rock bridge county, or will go there Friday, to look into the matter of the establishment of a free-delivery route from Sherwood on the Shenandash Valley Division of the Norfolk and Westforn. There as each of the route, because of the fear that if the route, because of the fear that if the route hecause of the fear that if the rout

the advantage of rural free delivery and an express service also...

MAYNABD ACTIVE.

Representative Maynard was in his seat to day. He is endeavoring to induce some members of Congress to go down to Newport News with him next week and address a meeting to be held there in the interest of the Jamestown Exposition. "The Norfolk meatings did so much to stimulate interest in the exposition movement that Newport News will try to follow her example," said Mr. Maynard.

Dr. Lewis Porter Jones, of Newport News; Hom. R. T. Thorpe, of Norfolk Mr. H. F. Butt., postmaster of Portsmouth, were at the Capitol to-day.

MR. MORGAN SCORES THE PRESIDENT

Republican party must be in the presence of the truth."

Mr. Morgan reviewed at length the Colombian revolution of 1992, declaring that Marroquin's triumph was not due to his own prowess, but to the assistance of the United States. "All read to the Panauna canal, but some of his discreet friends should enution him not to hurn the bridges behind him." That war had, he said, deserved the condemation of all Christendom, because of the brutality of Marroquin's conduct, and yet, notwithstanding this conduct was such as would have done discredit to the bearer of a scalping knife or tomahawk, the United States was the ally of that leader throughout the conflict. He referred especially to Marroquin's confiscatory decrees, and said that President Roosevelt must have known of them. Republican party must be in the pres-

CHALLENGED STATEMENT. CHALLENGED STATEMENT.

Mr. Hanna challenged the strictment of Mr. Morgan that President McKinley had been favorable to the Nicaragua route. "I know of my personal knowledge," he said, "that when, in 1890, it became known that the Panama company's property could be purchased, he gave the question serious consideration and investigation and at his instance provision was made in the river and harbor hill for an appropriation of 310,000 for the investigation of all routes. This request was made because of his interest in the Panama proposition, I know of in the Panama proposition, I know of my own personal knowledge. President McKinley had decided to follow the recommendation of his commission, and that is what the present executive is doing. So that there has been no change

doing. So that there has been no change in policy."

Mr. Morgan publied that he had snoken only from the nublic record of President McKinley, and not from knowledge of his private views. "I know," he said "that he entered into compacts with Nicaragua and Costa Rica to secure the Nicaragua and Costa Rica to secure the Nicaragua route, and there is no record to show that he changed his mind."

Mr. Hanna: "It is incorrect to say that McKinley preferred Nicaragua. I know better. It was only the high price of the Penama property that deterred him."

The Senate **Sourmed until to-morrow.

The House. The House.

The House.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON. D. C., November 24.—
When the House convened to-day Mr.
Payne moved that when an adjournment

""" 'relven !! he until Friday.

Mr. Ds Armond (Democra!) of Missouri,
asked as to the vurnose of the House
with reference to adjournment, saving the
House had transacted the business for
which it had been called in extraordinary
session, and that !! was known what action the Senate had taken.

Mr. Payne said he had not been advised
as to what the Senate was going to do,
but thought the House capable of determining "so momentous" a question asthat of adjournment.

The previous question was ordered, 18
to 103, a party vote, and the motion for
adjournment until Friday then prevailed.

The Speaker had read an invitation
from the Governor of Louisiana to the
members of the House to be present at
the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the transfer of the tract
purchased by the United States of France.

Mr. Mever, of Louisiana, asked unanimous consent for 'he consideration of a mous consent for 'he consideration of a resolution accepting the invitation, but

CHARGES AGAINST WOOD. Senate Committee Holds Two Sessions to Hear Charges.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON. Nov. 24.—Two sessions were held to-day by a subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, which is investigating the charges against General Leonard Wood, nominated by the President to be majorgeneral.

Ariairs, which is investigating the charges against General Leonard Wood, nominated by the President to be major-general.

An adjournment was taken until Friday at it o'clock, when Major J. R. Runcle will be the first witness.

Opponents to the confirmation of General Wood onenly express the opinion that the Military Affairs committee will report the nomination favorably to the Senate, but declare that when this course is taken some charges will be presented to the Senate which the committee has excluded from the testimony. From the attitude of Senators onposed to the confirmation of General Wood, it is certain that a demand will be made for the appointment of a subcommittee to go to Cuba to inquire personally into several of the charges.

Major Estes G. Rathbone resumed his testimony to-day in explanation of his personal charges. He also asked the committee to subnoena Major E. Ladd, United States army, and interrogate him concerning the condition of General Wood's Santiako accounts in 1898, when he was acting auditor of Cuba.

Erigider-General Tesker H. Riles, of the general staff, was asked to possess concerning the charge made by Major Intormation he is said to possess concerning the charge made by Major Intormation he is said to possess concerning the charge made by Major Intormation he is read to possess concerning the charge made to Cuba without payment of duties.

Gold Medal

At Pan-American Exposition.



Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute Purity of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No "treatment" with alkalies; no adulteration with flour, starch or ground cocoa shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

Ask Your Dealer for It.

DOG SHOW A GOOD ONE

Poultry Exhibit the Finest Ever Seen in this Section of the State.

DOG SHEDMAN'S Attractions at the Masonic Temple to Suit Men, Women

and Children.

A feature of great interest to the chiliren who attend the Pet Stock Show at Masonic Temple is the Shedman Dog

There are a number of the best per-There are a number of the best performing dogs in the country in this show, and each trick is done in an artistic way. The dogs have created sensations wherever they have appeared, and they will do so here.

The show started up yesterday, and to-day the bench show will open, with an exhibit of the finest dogs of every class in the country. All exhibitors are soquired to have their pets on hand by 10 o clock this morning.

Judge G. D. Brown, of Baltimore, an expert, and one of the best known mor in the business in the country, is now at work on the fowls and pigeons. He will

work on the fowls and pigeons. He will continue each day during the show.

FIND EXHIBITION.

Mr. Brown, who has handled many similar shows, thinks this as good as any he has officiated in. The American leghorns are the finest layers and the Asiatic species are the best for meat. There are many varieties of these birds on exhibition.

Asiatic species are the best for meat. There are many varieties of these birds on exhibition.

Many persons who visited the show yesterday pronounced it even better than the great one of last year and went away with pleasant remembrances.

Large crowds are expected to attend the show from now on, as every class is filled and will continue all week.

The list of prize winners will be announced later in the week.

The show opens at 10 o'clock every day.

The show opens at 10 o'clock every day.

The performing dogs give their exhibition at 3:30 and 9 p. M. every day.

C. B. Whitford, of Chicago, who will judge all the classes with the exception of the pointers and setters, will begin judging at 10 o'clock this morning, and will probably finish before night, so that those who attend the show this evening will be able to see the winners.

The largest single exhibit is made by C. B. Cooke, who shows setters only. Among the lot is his famous field trial champion Sports Boy. A very fine exhibit of non-sporting dogs is made by Mr. Betts, of Chicago. In his kennel are a number of prize winning Boston terriers and built terriers. The strongest class among the larger varieties is the Great Danes.

larger varieties is the Great Danes.

The attendance last night was very good. To-night it is expected the hall will be crowded by dog lovers, who will come to look at those selected to wear the blue ribbon.

ANOTHER RECEPTION AT Y. M. C. A. SATURDAY

The big reception of November 6th has ncouraged the officers and members of the Central Young Men's Christian Association to again try to break the record.

ciation to again try to break the record.

On Saturday night, there will be the first "popular" entertainment of the season. It will be for men and their friends both ladies and gentlemen. Beginning at \$:30, in the auditorium, Samuel H. Congdon, of Baltimore, will entertain, giving his original barn-yard imitations and artistic whistling solos.

From 9:15 to 10:30 refreshments will be served. During the same time there will be a symnastic programme and contested basked ball in the symnastmu. Ir fact, the whole house will be thrown open. One of the leading features of the evening will be that those having reserved seats for the entertainment, can present their chair coupon, which will be honored for refreshments.

Funeral Services. The funeral of Mr. A. Baccigalupo will ake place at 10 o'clock this morning form St. Patrick's Church. The internent will be made in bit. Calvary Coment will be made in bit. Calvary

SHEPP'S FLEA KILLER

Does the Work and Evaporates. Quickest, safest, cleanest; in fact the ONLY real good thing ever put on the market for this purpose. It made the biggest hit of the New York Dog Show. All druggists. 250.; by mail, 25c. Sold in bulk to kennels.

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